

POLICE ON TRAIL OF OTHER GUNMEN

Expect Capture of "Gib the Blood" and "Lefty" Louie.

"WHITEY" LEWIS GIVEN GRILLING

Refuses to Admit Any Knowledge of Murder of Gambler Rosenthal—Moss Takes Charge of Probe Into Grating System in Police Department.

New York, August 2.—With "Whitey" Lewis and "Dago" Frank (names used in the Tombs as two of the four gunmen who murdered Herman Rosenthal, the gambler on July 18, police headquarters professing tonight to be confident that any moment the capture of "Gib the Blood" and "Lefty" Louie, two of the quartet still at large, will be effected. Lewis, who was arrested last night at a resort near Kingston, N. Y., and brought here today, refused to admit any knowledge of the shooting. Police Commissioner Rosenthal, however, said that he had no knowledge of the shooting, and said that on the day before the murder he went out of town to visit relatives. He was very vague, however, as to just where the relatives lived. He was held for further examination on Tuesday.

That the two gunmen still missing were in hiding in the examination where Lewis was picked up was the belief of the police. It is expected that the capture of the two missing gunmen will result in the capture of the other two. The police are searching the neighborhood for any news on their trail.

It was said by Assistant District Attorney Moss, however, that he had received word from Auburn that the men were hiding in the neighborhood of the district attorney's office. He has been trying to run them down there for several days.

Moss Takes Charge.

Moss took charge of the case today. In the absence of District Attorney Rosenthal, who left for Boston early in the day, expecting later to go to Manchester, Vt. to remain over Sunday with his family. Directing his attention to the police graft phase of the case, brought into prominence by the allegations of "Black Rose" and "Birdie" Webber that the annual levy of \$250,000 by the police on illegal resorts amounted to \$2,500,000. Mr. Moss examined a number of gamblers and other characters of the underworld. The assistant prosecutor would not tell, however, what information he obtained.

I do not think the \$2,500,000 graft figures named by Jack Rose is an exaggeration," said Mr. Moss tonight. "The only absolute knowledge of how much it really amounted to is in the possession of the grafters and not in the possession of the police. The graft is where the money is going to the vital question. The arrest of Whitey Lewis and Dago Frank while important as less important than to the grand jury investigation. The grand jury did not meet today, but will resume its inquiry next week.

Police-Lieutenant Becker, locked in the Tombs on the charge of instigating the murder, still maintained his attitude of silence today when efforts were made to elicit an admission from him.

Given "Third Degree"

New York, August 2.—"Whitey" Jack Lewis, one of the four men accused of shooting down the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, was given a "third degree" grilling today to glean further information that would supply corroborative of the confessions of "Black Rose," Harry Vailon and "Birdie" Webber that Police-Lieutenant Becker sought the death of Rosenthal.

The grand jury, which was held yesterday on the station platform at Pleasanton, N. Y., just as he was about to take a train for the West. He was brought to this city this morning by Detective Barker.

The trip to this city was without incident until the train drew into the Washburn terminal. There a band of six or seven East Side gangsters leaped over the gate, separating the platform from the tracks and started toward the train. Suddenly their eyes fell on several headquarters detectives who had been sent across the river to assist Detective Harvey, and they slunk back into the station. No move was made to rescue the prisoner, who was taken to headquarters. There he was locked up to await the arrival of Police Commissioners Waldo and Daugherty.

Lewis said that he was on the point of giving himself up, as he had heard the police wanted him. He would not say where he had been in hiding.

Says He was Out of City.

He declared that he had never heard of an alibi. He asserted that he was out of the city at the time Rosenthal was shot to death, but did not tell where he was. He would not say what he was doing at Pleasanton, but reiterated that he was stopping at a "respectable place" and with "respectable people."

Detectives, it is thought, are on the trail of other men wanted in the case, including Harry Horowitz, otherwise "Gib the Blood," and Louis Rosenberg, alias "Lefty Louie." The latter is said to have been in Boston Wednesday. District Attorney Whitman, when asked about the report that it was the bullet from Rosenberg's gun that killed Rosenthal, remarked:

"Yes, I have heard that it was the bullet from his gun that killed Rosenthal, but that does not lessen the crime of the others engaged in the murder. They are equally guilty with me."

(Continued on Second Page.)

BOLT IN THIRD PARTY

Tennessee Progressives Split Over Question of State Ticket.

Nashville, Tenn., August 2.—Whether a State ticket should be put out caused a bolt in the "third" party convention delegates here today. One convention delegate, who had been elected to the convention and the other arranged to have a State committee appointed. This committee is to select the Chicago delegates. Trouble came when the original convention named W. F. Poston as candidate. "Third" party supporters of Governor Ben Hopper, Republican, who says he will vote for President Taft, but will not be active in his behalf, left the hall and organized another convention. Both conventions issued Colonel Roosevelt.

News Are Absent.

New Orleans, August 2.—With a few former Democrats present and negroes conspicuous by their absence, the State convention of the Louisiana Progressives party met here today and elected thirty delegates to the Chicago convention, instructed to vote as a unit for the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt for which purpose every delegate will have a one-third vote. The convention adopted a resolution favoring the maintenance of the protective system, with only such changes as will give protection to American industries without fostering monopolies.

A motion was made to present to the Chicago convention as a vice-presidential candidate the name of John M. Parker of New Orleans for years a leader in the reform ranks of the Democratic party in this State. The motion was defeated by the friends of the motion was withdrawn.

Louis P. Bryant, survivor of the post of New Orleans, created a mild sensation when he intimated that the administration, because of his position with the new party, was preparing to have him removed. Mr. Bryant said he has been advised that special agents have been ordered to New Orleans to make certain investigations in the customs house.

If the survivor is to be punished because of his American march, the people will have a right to inquire into the fate of other Federal officers, whose political activity happens not to suit the administration, said Mr. Bryant. There were several expressions favoring the elimination of the negro from participation in the progressive party in the South, but no action was taken.

WHAT IS BEER, AND WHY?

Representative from Minnesota Wants His Question Answered.

Washington, August 2.—What is beer? And, if so, what are the two questions Representative Anderson, of Minnesota, asked the Senate today to answer. Mr. Anderson asked the Senate committee on Agriculture today for the answers, and also to call on the Department of Agriculture for them.

Mr. Anderson's only curiosity is to know what is not beer. His curiosity is to know what is not beer, which he believes is the only grain which should go to make up the bread and that other conditions are a snare.

Mr. Anderson recently, with credentials from the National Consumers League, visited the State Department and secured a definition of beer by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley. The definition was not given the force of law by Secretary Wilson, as he says, and he wants to know why.

The Wiley definition of beer, as set forth in Mr. Anderson's regulations, is "a fermented beverage from a mash composed of barley malt and hops with or without a small quantity of unmalted cereals, the weight and the amount of which is not specified."

Mr. Anderson's resolution asks the Secretary of the State Department if the Wiley definition or any definition the secretary has, and if no beer prescriptions are in the department, to call at the bar of the House and say so.

WASHINGTON ANXIOUS

Another Gunboat is Rushed to Nicaragua Waters.

Washington, August 2.—Evidence of the growing anxiety of the administration in regard to the revolutionary movement in Nicaragua was shown today when orders were issued to the gunboat Tacoma, at Guantanamo, Cuba, to proceed forthwith to Bluefields, Nicaragua, on the Caribbean coast. She is to arrive there next Monday, and will try to communicate with Managua to allow Minister Wood to keep the State Department informed of developments. The gunboat Annapolis, on the west coast, has been getting only fragmentary advices from Managua. These have been so scantily alarming to warrant sending another warship.

Poor news and a paralysis of business which administrative officials here ascribe to the failure of the American Senate to approve the pending treaty to rehabilitate the finances of Nicaragua, are being cited as the chief factors in strengthening the revolt against President Diaz. Another threatening element is the heavy debt of Nicaragua, estimated at \$100,000,000.

LAWS MUST PROTECT CATTLE

Live Stock Exchange Believes Otherwise Prices Will Soar.

Chicago, August 2.—A warning that something must be done to protect the cattle-raising industry in the United States in order to prevent the further reduction in the volume of cattle raised and a consequent further advance in beef prices was voiced here yesterday. Joseph S. Jones and other officials of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange.

Congress of the State Legislatures must enact legislation soon for the protection of the cattle market. The protection of the cattle market will be one of the most important things," said Mr. Jones. "It should be passed that would prohibit the slaughtering of young cows and calves, in order to further breeding ends."

"Bills should be introduced in the House that the exchange made it known that they are ready and anxious to exert their influence to have laws passed along these lines."

Convict Gets \$250,000 Estate.

Suffern, N. Y., August 2.—An announcement is made of the gift of Mrs. Thos. Fortune Ryan of a \$250,000 estate here to the Convict of the Holy Child. The property includes a fine old fifty-room mansion residence and about eighteen acres of ground. The estate is to be used as an academy for young women.

Abram S. Mackey Dead.

Kingston, N. Y., August 2.—Abram S. Mackey, who was in charge of General Grant's dispatch boat, the Pierce, during the Civil War, died at Athens, N. Y., aged eighty-one years. The Pierce was used in conveying Jefferson Davis as a prisoner to Fort Mena.

WARNING ISSUED TO WHOLE WORLD

Foreign Powers Must Not Encroach on North or South America.

NO PARTICULAR NATION AIMED AT

Senate Believes That With Opening of Panama Canal This Country's Position Must Be Clearly Defined—Debated Three Hours in Executive Session.

Washington, August 2.—The United States Senate today issued a warning to the nations of the world against encroachment upon the continents of North and South America. The United States will not see "without grave concern," said the resolution, any "naval or military site pass into control of a foreign corporation, when such possession might threaten the commerce or the safety of the United States."

So vital were the issues discussed in the Senate resolution, which set forth the policy of the United States as to points situated like Magdalena Bay, in Lower California, that the doors of the Senate were closed for three hours, while the resolution was debated in secret session.

It finally passed with only four votes against it. Notwithstanding the comparative unanimity of the Senate upon the note of warning, it is understood the measure will not have the official endorsement of the administration. It was framed entirely outside the State Department, and it is understood the executive branch of the government was not consulted with regard to the Senate's pronouncement.

The resolution arose from the reported attempt of a Japanese syndicate to acquire land about Magdalena Bay. In the form finally adopted by the Senate, it declares against the acquisition of any threatening location by a foreign corporation, which has such a relation to another government not American, as to give that government practical power of control for naval or military purposes.

Those who opposed the resolution on its final passage were Senators Cummins, McCumber, Percy and Stone. Demand was made in the secret session for the designation of the country toward which the resolution was directed.

Those who supported it, including Senators Lind, Lodge, Burton, Hitchcock and others, declared it was not directed against any nation in particular, but a definition of this country's position "before embarrassing situations might arise."

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IRON MOLDERS ON STRIKE

Seven Foundries in New England, Employing 400 Men, Affected.

Boston, Mass., August 2.—Strikes affecting iron workmen went into effect today in seven brass and iron foundries in Boston and vicinity, where the new wage scale providing for a minimum of \$3.50 for nine hours' work has been denied. The foundries where the strike is on include concerns in Quincy, Cambridge, Everett and this city.

Ninety molders struck at the Fore River Shipbuilding Company's yards, where the Argentine dreadnaught Riva Javia is under construction. It was expected that work on the ship would not be affected by the strike.

DROWNED UNDER AUTO

Car Slips Down Embankment and Overturns in Canal.

Richmond, Va., August 2.—Mrs. John F. Hubbard, sixty-six years of age, is dead here as the result of an accident last night, when her automobile slipped down an embankment into the Black River canal.

The automobile, which contained a family party, had turned to the side of the road to allow a farmer's wagon to pass. All were pinned beneath the machine, but the others escaped after being in the water only a few minutes.

CHARGE FIRM IS INSOLVENT

Creditors Proceed Against Hackett, Carhart & Co.

New York, August 2.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today in the United States District Court against Hackett, Carhart & Co., bookbinders of this city. Three firms, Hackett, Carhart & Co., Carhart & Co., and Hackett, Carhart & Co., aggregate \$15,500. Admission of insolvency is alleged in the petition.

Members of the firm explained that the failure involved only the retail firm of Hackett, Carhart & Co., incorporated last year, and in no wise affecting the wholesale firm of Hackett, Carhart & Co., whose offices are at the same address.

SIX CONVICTED OF FELONY

Eight Other Industrial Workers of World Found Not Guilty.

JURY DECLARES HER GUILTY

Mrs. Grace Freed on Charge of Trying to Kill Husband.

SILENTLY GRASPS HANDS OF JURORS

Then She Hastens Blind to Bedroom of Her Blind Son in Philadelphia—"Pretty Rotten" Is Comment of Grace on Result of Trial.

Atlanta, Ga., August 2.—Mrs. Daisy Ope Grace was declared not guilty of trying to kill her husband by a jury here at a 1 o'clock this evening. Mrs. Grace, wealthy and well known in her former home in Philadelphia and here, was on the verge of collapse when the twelve men who had decided her fate filed into the courtroom. When the verdict was announced she simply bowed her head.

A few minutes after she had been freed she was handed a telegram saying her blind son was very ill in Philadelphia and it is understood that she will leave for his bedside late tonight.

Immediately after the verdict was given women struggled frantically to reach the place where Mrs. Grace sat, only to be forced back by officers. The jurymen remained in their places even after they had been discharged. A full minute elapsed and then Mrs. Grace arose and was assisted to the jury box.

For the first time she showed a sign of animation, as she grasped the hand of each of the twelve men. Mrs. Grace was escorted from the courtroom immediately afterwards.

Argument in the case was concluded shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon and Judge Roon immediately began his charge to the jury. In this charge, he said in part:

"You have heard the defendant make her statement. She was not subject to examination or cross-examination and her statement was not made under oath. The jury can take that statement as it goes. It can believe it all, or reject it as it sees fit. In other words, it is for the jury to determine the force and effect that shall be given her statement."

Grace was found in bed at his home here the morning of March 5 last shot in the side. The bullet lodged against the spinal cord and since then he has been paralyzed from his waist down. He charged that his wife had drugged and shot him, intending to kill him to get \$25,000 insurance.

Mrs. Grace said Grace shot himself in a scuffle with her over possession of a revolver after he had threatened to kill her.

Mrs. Grace at first maintained that she knew nothing of the shooting. In the form finally adopted by the witness stand and told the jury the scuffle, adding that Grace had threatened to kill her several times. It was this statement referred to in the judge's charge.

Newman, Ga., August 2.—"In her heart she knows she is guilty," declared Eugene H. Grace at his home here this afternoon when informed that his wife had just been acquitted of the charge of shooting him. "It's pretty rotten. I don't see how they could have even had a mistrial. She may be innocent in the eyes of men, but she is guilty in the eyes of God."

It is bad enough to be here helpless, even if I had been shot in a good cause, but it is almost unbearable when I have been shot in cold blood.

When she testified that she had taken an oath to keep the secret, she told the jury she was a sacrifice on her part to bring in God's name.

Grace declared he reaffirmed in every detail his statement of how he was shot, "because it is true."

AEROS CRASH AND FALL

Neither Aviator Helin Nor Steinhoeber Seriously Injured.

Garden City, N. Y., August 2.—A collision between two aeroplanes last night brought both machines crashing to earth. The fall was a short one, and while both aeroplanes were badly damaged neither aviator was injured seriously.

William Helin, of Pittsburgh had just taken off when James Steinhoeber, of Cleveland, was the other aviator. Their machines were going in the same direction, one directly under the other, when the accident occurred.

Hitchcock Contributes Real Detective Story

Not Seeking Peace.

El Paso, Texas, August 2.—Pascual Orozco, chief of the Mexican rebels, declared today that he had not sought peace for himself or for any of his men. Orozco was asked about reports from Mexico City last night that the rebels were to test the temper of the government as to possible peace conditions. Orozco denied the report. He said the fighting was just beginning and that there could be no peace as long as Madero remained President.

The rebel chief asserted that "Mexico City was giving out stories that we have asked for peace as a means of injuring the rebel cause in the eyes of foreign nations."

General Orozco remains in Juarez, although the Federal army took the town of Madera from the rebels and now is marching north toward Casas Grandes, whence Orozco has been supposed to be intending to retreat. Only a few rebel bands are reported between Madera and Casas Grandes and the Federalists ought to be able to get to Casas Grandes in a few hours. If they get there they could cut Orozco off from retreat into Sonora.

It is understood that all American women and children have fled from the scene.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

She's a Free Woman Now



MRS. DAISY OPE GRACE.

SENATE WILLING TO AID REFUGEES

Them Wherever They May Wish to Go.

BAILEY PRESENTS MEASURE

He Would Like to Tell of Brutalities Americans Suffer in Mexico.

Washington, August 2.—The destitution of American refugees from Mexico, now quartered at El Paso, resulted in the passage by the Senate today of a resolution authorizing the War Department to spend \$100,000 in transporting them to such points in the United States as they wish to reach.

The measure was presented by Senator Bailey and passed after a brief debate. It will need the approval of the House and the President before the appropriation becomes available.

Senator Bailey declared the refugees were in dire need and in most cases were unable to proceed beyond that city. Transportation would be provided, under the resolution, only for those who are receiving some aid in "shelter and sustenance" from the government at El Paso.

Members of the Senate received during the afternoon a request from an El Paso newspaper to come to that city August 12 and confer regarding "affairs in Mexico and Cuba, particularly with the United States as they wish to reach."

The special investigating committee, headed by Senator William Allen Smith, which is to investigate the charges that Americans have been injured and sustaining the insurrections in Mexico and Cuba, particularly was appealed to Senator Smith next word to El Paso that his committee would visit that city as soon as possible, but that it would not be able to take part in the conference there August 12.

During debate on the relief measure Senator Bailey declared that if it were not for the proposed investigation by the Senate committee he would address the Senate in detail on the brutalities suffered by American citizens in Mexico.

"There is no doubt in my mind," he added, "that there has been a deliberate attempt on the part of certain persons to force intervention on the part of the United States."

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(Continued on Seventh Page.)

WHERE HE STANDS ON NEGRO PROBLEM

Roosevelt Writes Letter to Julian Harris Explaining His Attitude.

PARTY IS NOT LILY-WHITE

Appeal Will Be Made to Best Men, Whether They Be White or Black.

Washington, August 2.—The report of the majority of the committee of the House of Representatives directed more than a year ago to investigate the United States Steel Corporation was submitted to the House today by Representative Stanley of Kentucky, chairman of the committee.

The report was signed by the chairman and Representatives Bartlett, of Georgia, McMillan, of Maryland, Bell, of Texas, and Littleton, New York, Democrats. Representatives Gardner, Massachusetts, Danforth, New York, Young, Michigan, and Sterling, Illinois, Republicans, dissented from the report of the majority. Representative Sterling submitted his individual views in a minority report, and Representative Littleton, Democrat, dissenting from the recommendations of the majority for amendment of the Sherman antitrust law, filed his views.

Representatives Gardner and Danforth will unite in another minority report, which Representative Young will sign and add to it his own findings as to the facts surrounding the organization and operation of the Steel Corporation.

General Accusations.

The report of the majority deals with the steel trust from its inception and describes the various steps by which J. P. Morgan and his associates built up the corporation. In addition to recommendations for legislation suggested as remedial, the Democratic members of the committee made general accusations against the men responsible for the organization.

J. P. Morgan and his associates are held up as being the beneficiaries of enormous profits realized from the overcapitalization of the subsidiary companies of the Steel Corporation and later of the corporation itself.

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ROOSEVELT HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR GROWTH OF TRUST

Committee Blames Him for Gigantic Stature of Steel Corporation.

INVESTIGATORS SUBMIT REPORT

Combine Is Arraigned as Un-American in Its Methods and Hostile to Best Interests of Labor—Morgan and Associates Beneficiaries of Overcapitalization.

Committee Findings

Recommends legislation suggested as remedial.

Former President Roosevelt is indicted for making control of the steel trust absolute and is charged with being responsible for the gigantic stature which the trust has attained.

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